#### **Product Datasheet**

# PDGFRA Antibody HRP Conjugated

Catalog No: #C00167H

Package Size: #C00167H 100ul



Orders: order@signalwayantibody.com Support: tech@signalwayantibody.com

## Description

| Product Name          | PDGFRA Antibody HRP Conjugated  |
|-----------------------|---|
| Host Species          | Rabbit  |
| Clonality             | Polyclonal  |
| Isotype               | IgG   |
| Purification          | Purified by Protein A.  |
| Applications          | IHC-P IHC-F ICC   |
| Species Reactivity    | Hu Ms Rt  |
| Immunogen Description | KLH conjugated synthetic peptide aa 1020-1070 1089 derived from human PDGF-R-A                        |
| Conjugates            | HRP   |
| Target Name           | PDGFRA  |
| Other Names           | CD140A; PDGFR2; PDGFR-2; RHEPDGFRA; Platelet-derived growth factor receptor alpha; PDGF-R-alpha;      |
|                       | PDGFR-alpha; Alpha platelet-derived growth factor receptor; Alpha-type platelet-derived growth factor |
|                       | receptor; CD140 antigen-like family member A; CD140a antigen; Platelet-derived growth factor alpha re |
| Accession No.         | Swiss-Prot#P16234NCBI Gene ID5156   |
| Cell Localization     | Cytoplasm   |
| Concentration         | 1mg ml  |
| Formulation           | 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.                                      |
| Storage               | Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.                       |

### **Application Details**

IHC-P=1:50-200 IHC-F=1:50-200 ICC=1:50-200

#### Background

Tyrosine-protein kinase that acts as a cell-surface receptor for PDGFA, PDGFB and PDGFC and plays an essential role in the regulation of embryonic development, cell proliferation, survival and chemotaxis. Depending on the context, promotes or inhibits cell proliferation and cell migration. Plays an important role in the differentiation of bone marrow-derived mesenchymal stem cells. Required for normal skeleton development and cephalic closure during embryonic development. Required for normal development of the mucosa lining the gastrointestinal tract, and for recruitment of mesenchymal cells and normal development of intestinal villi. Plays a role in cell migration and chemotaxis in wound healing. Plays a role in platelet activation, secretion of agonists from platelet granules, and in thrombin-induced platelet aggregation. Binding of its cognate ligands - homodimeric PDGFA, homodimeric PDGFB, heterodimers formed by PDGFA and PDGFB or homodimeric PDGFC -leads to the activation of several signaling cascades; the response depends on the nature of the bound ligand and is modulated by the formation of heterodimers between PDGFRA and PDGFRB.

Phosphorylates PIK3R1, PLCG1, and PTPN11. Activation of PLCG1 leads to the production of the cellular signaling molecules diacylglycerol and inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate, mobilization of cytosolic Ca(2+) and the activation of protein kinase C. Phosphorylates PIK3R1, the regulatory subunit of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase, and thereby mediates activation of the AKT1 signaling pathway. Mediates activation of HRAS and of the MAP kinases MAPK1 ERK2 and or MAPK3 ERK1. Promotes activation of STAT family members STAT1, STAT3 and STAT5A and or STAT5B. Receptor signaling is down-regulated by protein phosphatases that dephosphorylate the receptor and its down-stream effectors, and by rapid internalization of the activated receptor.

| Note: This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals. |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |