#### **Product Datasheet**

# ATRIP (Phospho-Ser68+Ser72) Antibody FITC Conjugated

Catalog No: #C01028F

Package Size: #C01028F 100ul



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# Description

| Product Name          | ATRIP (Phospho-Ser68+Ser72) Antibody FITC Conjugated   |
|-----------------------|--|
| Host Species          | Rabbit   |
| Clonality             | Polyclonal   |
| Isotype               | IgG  |
| Purification          | Purified by Protein A.   |
| Applications          | ICC,IF   |
| Species Reactivity    | Hu Ms Rt   |
| Immunogen Description | KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide derived from human ATRIP around the phosphorylation site of    |
|                       | Ser68 + Ser72 [LA(p-S)QAL(p-S)QC]  |
| Conjugates            | FITC   |
| Target Name           | ATRIP Ser68+Ser72  |
| Other Names           | ATRIP phospho S68 + S72; ATRIP Ser68 + Ser72; P-ATRIP Ser68 Ser72; AGS 1; AGS1; AGS-1; Aicardi         |
|                       | Goutieres syndrome 1; ATIP; ATM and Rad3 related interacting protein; ATM and Rad3-related-interacting |
|                       | protein; ATR interacting protein; ATR-interacting protein; Atrip; ATRIP_HUMAN; Deoxyribonuclease III   |
| Concentration         | 1mg ml   |
| Formulation           | 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.                                       |
| Storage               | Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.                        |

## **Application Details**

ICC=1:50-200 IF=1:50-200

### Background

DNA damage or incomplete replication of DNA results in the inhibition of cell cycle progression at the G1 to S or the G2 to M phase transition by conserved regulatory mechanisms known as cell cycle checkpoints. Checkpoint proteins include Rad17, which is involved in regulating cell cycle progression at the G1 checkpoint as well as Chk1, Chk2, Rad1, Rad9 and Hus1, which are involved in regulating cell cycle arrest at the G2 checkpoint. In response to DNA damage, ATM and ATR kinases are important for cell cycle checkpoint response signalling. ATR-interacting protein (ATRIP), also designated ATM and Rad3-related-interacting protein, is required for checkpoint signaling after DNA damage. It is also important for ATR expression, which regulates DNA replication and damage checkpoint responses. ATRIP is a ubiquitously expressed protein that can form heterodimers with ATR. After dimerization they bind the RPA complex and are recruited to single stranded DNA. ATRIP is a nuclear protein that may also play a role in protein stabilization.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.